

Substitute Bill No. 489

February Session, 2002

AN ACT CONCERNING SECURITY AT NUCLEAR POWER GENERATING FACILITIES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- Section 1. Section 53a-20 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2002*):
- 3 A person in possession or control of premises, or a person who is 4 licensed or privileged to be in or upon such premises, is justified in 5 using reasonable physical force upon another person when and to the 6 extent that [he] <u>such person</u> reasonably believes such to be necessary to prevent or terminate the commission or attempted commission of a 8 criminal trespass by such other person in or upon such premises; but 9 [he] such person may use deadly physical force under such 10 circumstances only (1) in defense of a person as prescribed in section 11 53a-19, or (2) when [he] such person reasonably believes such to be 12 necessary to prevent an attempt by the trespasser to commit arson or 13 any crime of violence, [or] (3) to the extent that [he] such person 14 reasonably believes such to be necessary to prevent or terminate an 15 unlawful entry by force into [his] the dwelling of such person, as 16 defined in section 53a-100, or place of work, and for the sole purpose 17 of such prevention or termination, or (4) to the extent that such person 18 reasonably believes that the use of deadly force is necessary to prevent 19 or terminate an attempt to commit arson, any crime of violence or an 20 unlawful entry by force into a nuclear power generating facility or the

- 21 real estate upon which such facility is located, and for the sole purpose
- 22 of such prevention or termination.
- 23 Sec. 2. Section 53-202b of the general statutes is repealed and the 24 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2002*):
- 25 (a) (1) Any person who, within this state, distributes, transports or 26 imports into the state, keeps for sale, or offers or exposes for sale, or 27 who gives any assault weapon, except as provided by sections 29-37j 28 and 53-202a to 53-202k, inclusive, and subsection (h) of section 53a-46a, 29 as amended, shall be guilty of a class C felony and shall be sentenced 30 to a term of imprisonment of which two years may not be suspended 31 or reduced.
- 32 (2) Any person who transfers, sells or gives any assault weapon to a 33 person under eighteen years of age in violation of subdivision (1) of 34 this subsection shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of six 35 years, which shall not be suspended or reduced and shall be in 36 addition and consecutive to the term of imprisonment imposed under 37 subdivision (1) of this subsection.
 - (b) The provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to:
- 39 (1) The sale of assault weapons to the Department of Public Safety, 40 police departments, the Department of Correction or the military or 41 naval forces of this state or of the United States for use in the discharge 42 of their official duties:
 - (2) A person who is the executor or administrator of an estate that includes an assault weapon for which a certificate of possession has been issued under section 53-202d which is disposed of as authorized by the Probate Court, if the disposition is otherwise permitted by sections 29-37j and 53-202a to 53-202k, inclusive, and subsection (h) of section 53a-46a, as amended;
- 49 (3) The transfer by bequest or intestate succession of an assault 50 weapon for which a certificate of possession has been issued under

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- 51 section 53-202d;
- 52 (4) The sale of assault weapons to any licensee of the Nuclear
- 53 Regulatory Commission that operates a nuclear power generating
- 54 facility for use in the maintenance of security by personnel who
- 55 comply with the provisions of section 29-161b and meet the criteria for
- 56 security personnel contained in 10 CFR 73, as amended from time to
- 57 time, at a nuclear power generating facility.
- 58 Sec. 3. Section 53-202c of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 59 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2002*):
- 60 (a) Except as provided in section 53-202e, any person who, within
- 61 this state, possesses any assault weapon, except as provided in sections
- 62 29-37j and 53-202a to 53-202k, inclusive, and subsection (h) of section
- 63 53a-46a, as amended, shall be guilty of a class D felony and shall be
- 64 sentenced to a term of imprisonment of which one year may not be
- 65 suspended or reduced; except that a first-time violation of this
- 66 subsection shall be a class A misdemeanor if (1) the person presents
- 67 proof that he lawfully possessed the assault weapon prior to October 1,
- 68 1993, and (2) the person has otherwise possessed the firearm in
- 69 compliance with subsection (d) of section 53-202d.
- 70 (b) The provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to
- 71 the possession of assault weapons by members or employees of the
- 72 Department of Public Safety, police departments, the Department of
- 73 Correction or the military or naval forces of this state or of the United
- 74 States for use in the discharge of their official duties; nor shall anything
- 75 in sections 29-37j and 53-202a to 53-202k, inclusive, and subsection (h)
- 76 of section 53a-46a prohibit the possession or use of assault weapons by
- 77 sworn members of these agencies when on duty and the use is within
- 78 the scope of their duties.
- 79 (c) The provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to
- 80 the possession of an assault weapon by any person prior to July 1,
- 81 1994, if all of the following are applicable:

- (1) The person is eligible under sections 29-37j and 53-202a to 53-202k, inclusive, and subsection (h) of section 53a-46a, as amended, to apply for a certificate of possession for the assault weapon by July 1, 1994;
- 86 (2) The person lawfully possessed the assault weapon prior to 87 October 1, 1993; and
- 88 (3) The person is otherwise in compliance with sections 29-37j and 53-202a to 53-202k, inclusive, and subsection (h) of section 53a-46a, as amended.
 - (d) The provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to a person who is the executor or administrator of an estate that includes an assault weapon for which a certificate of possession has been issued under section 53-202d, if the assault weapon is possessed at a place set forth in subdivision (1) of subsection (d) of section 53-202d or as authorized by the Probate Court.
- 97 (e) The provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to 98 the possession of assault weapons by personnel or personnel of security contractors of a licensee of the Nuclear Regulatory 99 100 Commission that operates a nuclear power generating facility, for use 101 in the maintenance of security at a nuclear power generating facility 102 provided such personnel comply with the provisions of section 29-161b and meet the criteria for security personnel contained in 10 CFR 103 104 73, as amended from time to time.
- Sec. 4. Section 2 of public act 01-130 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2002*):
- (a) (1) For purposes of this section, "armor piercing .50 caliber bullet" means any .50 caliber bullet that is (A) designed for the purpose of, (B) held out by the manufacturer or distributor as, or (C) generally recognized as having a specialized capability to penetrate armor or bulletproof glass, including, but not limited to, such bullets commonly designated as "M2 Armor-Piercing" or "AP", "M8 Armor-Piercing"

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- 113 Incendiary" or "API", "M20 Armor-Piercing Incendiary Tracer" or
- 114 "APIT", "M903 Caliber .50 Saboted Light Armor Penetrator" or "SLAP",
- 115 or "M962 Saboted Light Armor Penetrator Tracer" or "SLAPT".
- (2) "Incendiary .50 caliber bullet" means any .50 caliber bullet that is 116
- 117 (A) designed for the purpose of, (B) held out by the manufacturer or
- 118 distributor as, or (C) generally recognized as having a specialized
- 119 capability to ignite upon impact, including, but not limited to, such
- 120 bullets commonly designated as "M1 Incendiary", "M23 Incendiary",
- 121 "M8 Armor-Piercing Incendiary" or "API", or "M20 Armor-Piercing
- 122 Incendiary Tracer" or "APIT".
- 123 (b) Any person who knowingly distributes, transports or imports
- 124 into the state, keeps for sale or offers or exposes for sale or gives to any
- 125 person any ammunition that is an armor piercing .50 caliber bullet or
- 126 an incendiary .50 caliber bullet shall be guilty of a class D felony,
- 127 except that a first-time violation of this subsection shall be a class A
- 128 misdemeanor.
- 129 (c) The provisions of subsection (b) of this section shall not apply to
- 130 the following:
- 131 (1) The sale of such ammunition to the Department of Public Safety,
- 132 police departments, the Department of Correction or the military or
- 133 naval forces of this state or of the United States for use in the discharge
- 134 of their official duties;
- 135 (2) A person who is the executor or administrator of an estate that
- 136 includes such ammunition that is disposed of as authorized by the
- 137 Probate Court; [or]
- 138 (3) The transfer by bequest or intestate succession of such
- 139 ammunition; or
- (4) The sale of such ammunition to any licensee of the Nuclear 140
- 141 Regulatory Commission for use in the maintenance of security by
- 142 personnel who comply with the provisions of section 29-161b and meet

from time to time, at a nuclear power generating facility.

(d) If the court finds that a violation of this section is not of a serious nature and that the person charged with such violation (1) will probably not offend in the future, (2) has not previously been convicted of a violation of this section, and (3) has not previously had a prosecution under this section suspended pursuant to this subsection, it may order suspension of prosecution in accordance with the provisions of subsection (h) of section 29-33.

This act shall take effect as follows:	
Section 1	July 1, 2002
Sec. 2	July 1, 2002
Sec. 3	July 1, 2002
Sec. 4	July 1, 2002

ET Joint Favorable Subst. C/R JUD

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